#### **ECON 520**

### **International Macroeconomics**

8 May 2017

Dr. Yetkiner

### **Midterm**

## 1. (35 Points) 2x2 Closed Economy under General Equilibrium

Suppose that there is a 2-factor 2-good economy, in which the consumer's maximization problem is defined as follows:

$$Max \ X^b \cdot Y^{1-b}$$
 s. t.  $X + P \cdot Y = \omega \cdot \overline{N} + r \cdot \overline{B}$ 

The production functions of the model economy are defined as  $X = A_X \cdot K_X^{\alpha} \cdot N_X^{1-\alpha}$  and  $Y = A_Y \cdot K_Y^{\beta} \cdot N_Y^{1-\beta}$ , where  $A_X$  and  $A_Y$  are productivity parameters in the respective sector. Both industries are perfectly competitive and all factors of production are fully employed, that is,  $K_X + K_Y = \overline{K}$  and  $N_X + N_Y = \overline{N}$ . Find the equilibrium values of all endogenous variables by using the market solution approach.

# 2. (20 Points) A Two-Period Small Open Economy

Suppose that there is a two-period small open economy in which there is no production. Utility function U of the representative agent is  $U = \frac{C_1^{1-\theta}-1}{1-\theta} + \frac{1}{1+\rho} \cdot \frac{C_2^{1-\theta}-1}{1-\theta}$ . In the model economy, endowments are  $\bar{Y}_1 = 100$  and  $\bar{Y}_2 = 300$ , and the (international) real rate of interest is  $\bar{r} = 0.5$ . Suppose that  $1 + \rho = 1 + \bar{r}$  and that current account is defined as  $CA_t \equiv B_{t+1} - B_t = \bar{Y}_t + \bar{r}B_t - C_t$ , in which  $B_t$  is the value of net claims on the rest of the world. Find the equilibrium values of  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $CA_1$ , and  $CA_2$ .

## 3. (20 Points) A Two-Period Small Open Economy with Investment

Suppose that there is a two-period small open economy. Utility function U of the representative agent is  $U = \frac{C_1^{1-\theta}-1}{1-\theta} + \frac{1}{1+\rho} \cdot \frac{C_2^{1-\theta}-1}{1-\theta}$ . In the model economy, production function (for both periods) is defined as  $Y_t = K_t^{0.5} L_t^{0.5}$ ,  $L_t = 1$ , and the (international) real rate of interest is  $\bar{r} = 0.1$ . Suppose that  $1 + \rho = 1 + \bar{r}$  and that current account is defined as  $CA_t \equiv B_{t+1} - B_t = \bar{Y}_t + \bar{r}B_t - C_t - I_t$ , in which  $B_t$  is the value of net claims on the rest of the world and  $I_t = K_{t+1} - K_t$ . Find the equilibrium values of  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $CA_1$ ,  $CA_2$ ,  $Y_2$ ,  $K_2$ ,  $I_1$ , and  $I_2$ , given  $K_1 = 9$ .

**4.** (20 Points) A Two-Period Open Economy with Endogenous Interest Rate Suppose that there are two periods in a two-economy world. Utility functions of the representative agents are  $U = Ln[C_1] + \frac{1}{1+\rho} \cdot Ln[C_2]$  and  $U^* = Ln[C_1^*] + \frac{1}{1+\rho^*} \cdot Ln[C_2^*]$ . Endowments are  $\bar{Y}_1 = \bar{Y}_1^* = 100$  and  $\bar{Y}_2 = \bar{Y}_2^* = 200$  and  $\rho = 0.1$  and  $\rho^* = 0.05$ . The (international) real rate of interest is endogenous. Find the equilibrium values of r,  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $C_1^*$ ,  $C_2^*$ ,  $C_1^*$ , and  $C_1^*$ . Hint: At equilibrium  $\bar{Y}_1 + \bar{Y}_1^* = C_1 + C_1^*$ .